ST'AT'IMC OUTREACH HEALTH SERVICES

Lillooet Tribal Council

PO Box 1420 | 650 Industrial Place Tel: (250) 250-7523 | www.lillooetribalcouncil.ca Open 8am - 4pm

Monday - Friday Closed 12pm - 1pm & Statutory Holidays

ST'AT'IMC OUTREACH HEALTH SERVICES (SOHS) INCOMING REFERRAL FORM

SOHS clinical counsellors are not first line responders. A request for services must first go through client intake process to match each client with an appropriate counsellor. Thank-you for your understanding

Please submit all Incoming referrals to cole.levitt@statimcltc.ca

1. Persons requesting counselling services from SOHS must complete this form. If need help please call Phone 778-220-1410), or you may complete it and email it or drop off to the above address.

s this client give permission		Client's Address:				Date of Birth:			Gender:
s this client give permission									
	for SOHS to	contact	the client and	leave a mess	sage?	1			
Cell Phone		Home P	hone		Email		Eme	Emergency Contact	
YES NO	Y	res [NO	YE	s 🗌	NO		YES	□ NO
	#:			@:			Name: #:		
ent's Community:				<u> </u>			1		
kw'el 'was Tsal'alh	T'it'o	q'et	Ts'kw'ay lax	w Xax	li'p	Xwister		0	ther
					7				
ıson for Referral - Cou		<u> </u>							
			s, trauma, suicid	. :			athan \		
S	ubstance/Pro	cess Abus	se: (i.e., addiction	n, alcohol, dru	gs, gamblin	g, food, oth	er)		
Safety Issues and/o			ndated, suicidal,	family viokenc	ce, abuse, n			es, othe	·r)
				family viokenc	ce, abuse, n			es, othe	er)
			ndated, suicidal,	family viokenc	ce, abuse, n			es, othe	:r)
	Legal Issues:		ndated, suicidal,	family viokenc	ce, abuse, n			es, othe	er)
Safety Issues and/o	Legal Issues:		ndated, suicidal,	family viokenc	ce, abuse, n		ionship issu	es, othe	er)
Safety Issues and/o son/Agency making this r nt Signature/Consent:	eferral:	c (i.e., mar	Other Importa	family viokend	n:	eglect, relat	Date:		
Safety Issues and/o son/Agency making this r nt Signature/Consent:	eferral:	oordinator an intak	Other Importa	family viokeno	n:	eglect, relat	Date:		

Date Client is Informed of Decision:

<u>Please do NOT use this Referral Form for emergencies such as active self-harm or suicide threats. For emergencies, use the SUICIDE RESPONSE PROTOCAL on the back of this form.</u>

Purpose

If you have concerns about mental health, you are not alone. It is estimated that 50% of all Canadians have a mental health event by the time they reach 40 years of age. The purpose of this protocol is to promote the safety of individuals in crisis by describing how to respond to statements involving suicide or self-harm and supporting the individual at risk to get appropriate help.

Guiding Principles

- 1. The safety and well-being of the individual and those around them is always the primary consideration.
- 2. There are times when a person in crisis may need protection from themselves.
- 3. All confidentiality is waived when a person disclosures suicidal thoughts, plans, or actions.
- 4. Information about suicidal behaviour must be shared with appropriate service providers so as to ensure the life and safety of the individual at risk.

Step One

If you encounter someone who is threatening to act on thoughts of suicide or self-harm, take them to the Lillooet Hospital (24/7). At the hospital a doctor will assess their emotional state and determine an appropriate medical response, and what supports are required to keep them safe:

- If the person refuses to go to the hospital, the police (including the Stl'atl'imx Tribal Police) may apprehend and take a person to the hospital if they believe the individual:
 - (a) is likely to harm themselves or others, and
 - (a) is suffering from a mental disorder (such as anxiety, panic, depression).
- If you need transportation to get to the hospital, call 911.
- If you believe the individual might act on their thoughts of suicide or self-harm, do not leave them alone.

Step Two

At the hospital, the individual may:

- be admitted for further observation and to be stabilized, or
- be discharged if the doctor believes the threat of self-harm has decreased.
- a person will not be hospitalized against their will for simply seeking help.

Step Three

When the individual is discharged from the hospital a safety plan (or discharge plan) should be created between the individual, their doctor, and their support team. A support team could include family, friends, and professional service providers.

- A Safety Plan (discharge plan) can involve the Aboriginal Patient Navigator to support the patient and their family.
- If the patient is a minor, the hospital should meet with the family to ensure they have the information required to keep the individual safe.
- The hospital staff will send the records to the family physician and to any specialists that should be involved to support the individual (for example, counsellors).
- With the patient's permission, the hospital may involve staff from the patient's community, the Lillooet Friendship Centre, or other service agencies.
- If there are child protection concerns the hospital will contact the Ministry of Children and Family Development (MCFD)

Step Four

After the individual at risk is stabilized, look after yourself. Reach out and talk to someone about the situation and how you can stay healthy. <u>Step Five</u>

Be aware of who is available to help. Call 1-800-SUICIDE at $\frac{1-800-784-2433}{1-800-784-2433}$ anytime (24/7) if you or someone you know:

- is thinking about ending their own life, or
- needs someone to talk to about suicidal thoughts or ideas.